

IV. Finer transition states:

A. (PRED,) binding, agreement, CASE. (Irish (dial.); Spanish (dial.); Bantu)

Due to the **binding** features, the affix cross-references pronouns but not full NPs. Kichaga:

1. N-a-i-**m**-lyi-i-a k-elya **o.** ‘S/he is eating food for him/her.’
FOC-1s-PR-**1o**-eat-AP-FV 7-food **1pro**
2. N-a-i-**ki**-lyi-i-a m-ka **kyo.** ‘S/he is eating it for the wife.’
FOC-1s-PR-**7o**-eat-AP-FV 1-wife **7pro**
3. N-a-i-**ki-m**-lyi-i-a òó **kyo.** ‘S/he is eating it for him/her.’
FOC-1s-PR-**7o-1o**-eat-AP-FV **1pro** **7pro**

B. {PRED | agr}, binding, agreement, CASE.

Spanish dialects: Object clitic doubling (agreement) restricted to animates while object pronoun is not.

Juan lo vió. ‘Juan saw him/it.’

Juan lo vió al hombre. ‘Juan saw the man.’

*Juan lo vió el libro. ‘Juan saw the book.’